SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT Jefferson County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	!
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide financial statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	1 2
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	3
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Statement of Net Position – Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	5 6
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position – Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows – Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	7 8
Notes to Financial Statements	9
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Funds Available – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	20
Change in Fund Net Position – Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	21



1221 W. Mineral Avenue, Suite 202 Littleton, CO 80120

6

303-734-4800



303-795-3356



www.HaynieCPAs.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
South Sheridan Water & Sanitation District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of South Sheridan Water & Sanitation District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the South Sheridan Water & Sanitation District, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.





Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the South Sheridan Water & Sanitation District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Littleton, Colorado

Hayrie & Company

June 5, 2020



SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2019

	vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 288,313	\$ 260,997	\$ 549,310
Investments	757,808	1,391,464	2,149,272
Accounts receivable:			
Customer	-	56,115	56,115
County treasurer	881	-	881
Interest	4,843	-	4,843
Property taxes receivable	203,169	-	203,169
Capital assets, net of accumulated			
depreciation	_	 4,135,509	4,135,509
Total assets	 1,255,014	 5,844,085	 7,099,099
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	7,386	33,807	41,193
Loans payable			
Due within one year	-	154,677	154,677
Due in more than one year		2,984,010	 2,984,010
Total liabilities	7,386	 3,172,494	 3,179,880
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property tax revenue	203,169	-	203,169
Total deferred inflows of resources	203,169	 _	203,169
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	_	996,822	996,822
Restricted for emergencies	5,700	16,700	22,400
Unrestricted	1,038,759	1,658,069	2,696,828
Total net position	\$ 1,044,459	\$ 2,671,591	\$ 3,716,050

SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2019

				F	rogran	n Revenue	es							
					Op	erating	Ca	pital		Net (E	Expens	se) Revenu	e and	t
					G	rants	Gr	Grants		Changes in Net Position				
			Ch	arges for		and	а	nd	Gov	ernmental	Busir	ness-type		
Functions/Programs	E	kpenses	S	ervices	Conf	ributions	Contri	butions	Α	ctivities	Ac	tivities		Total
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	58,841	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	(58,841)	\$		\$	(58,841)
•		58,841		-		_				(58,841)				(58,841)
Business-type activities:														
Water and sewer		357,739		553,912		-		-		-		196,173		196,173
Interest and expenses on long term debt		32,536		-		-		-				(32,536)		(32,536)
		390,275		553,912		-		_		-		163,637		163,637
Total	\$	449,116	\$	553,912	\$	-	\$	_		(58,841)		163,637		104,796
				eral revenu	es:									
				ixes:										454000
				Property tax						154,392		-		154,392
				Specific owr						13,168		-		13,168
			Ne	et investmer						22,264		43,739		66,003
				Total gene	eral rev	enues and	transfer	s		189,824		43,739		233,563
			01		.,.					400.000		207 276		220 250
			Cha	inge in net p	osition	1				130,983		207,376		338,359
			Net	position - b	eainnir	a				913,476	2	2,464,215		3,377,691
				position - e	-	3			\$	1,044,459		,671,591		3,716,050

SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND December 31, 2019

	General	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	288,313
Investments		757,808
Accounts receivable:		
County treasurer		881
Interest receivable		4,843
Property taxes receivable		203,169
TOTAL ASSETS		1,255,014
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		7,386
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,386
DEFENDED INC. OF DECOUDOES		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		202 460
Deferred property tax revenue		203,169
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		203,169
FUND BALANCE		
Restricted:		
Emergency reserves		5,700
Unassigned		1,038,759
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	1,044,459

SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General
Property taxes Specific ownership taxes Interest Net investment income Total revenues	\$ 154,392 13,168 13,571 8,693 189,824
EXPENDITURES General government Accounting and management County treasurer's fees Directors fees Insurance and dues Legal SDA dues and seminars Miscellaneous Total expenditures NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	41,101 2,323 2,700 6,533 156 2,623 3,405 58,841 130,983
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	913,476
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,044,459

SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND Year Ended December 31, 2019

		et Amounts al and Final	 Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES			454.000	٠	(440)
Property taxes	\$	154,810	\$ 154,392	\$	(418)
Specific ownership tax		11,000	13,168		2,168
Interest		7,000	13,571		6,571
Net investment income		-	 8,693		8,693
Total revenues		172,810	 189,824		17,014
EXPENDITURES					
General government			44.404		(0.404)
Accounting and management		32,000	41,101		(9,101)
Audit		2,000	-		2,000 903
Bank fees		2,200	1,297		
County treasurer's fees		2,322	2,323		(1)
Directors fees		2,800	2,700		100
Communications, newsletters, website, bill stuffers		5,000	660		4,340
Fees and licenses		250	-		250
Insurance and bonds		4,500	6,533		(2,033)
Legal		2,000	156		1,844
SDA dues and seminars		5,000	2,623		2,377
Miscellaneous		3,300	1,448		1,852
Payment for services - Enterprise Fund		15,000	-		15,000
Contingency		5,184	 -		5,184
Total expenditures	444	81,556	 58,841		22,715
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		91,254	130,983		39,729
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		876,370	913,476		37,106
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	967,624	\$ 1,044,459	\$	76,835

SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND December 31, 2019

ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS	\$	260,997
Cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	1,391,464
Investments		1,001,404
Accounts receivable:		56,115
Customer . Total current assets .		1,708,576
CAPITAL ASSETS		1,1.00,0.
Capital assets, being depreciated		5,292,610
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(1,157,101)
·		4,135,509
Total net capital assets		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,844,085
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	33,807
SRF loan payable - current		154,677
Total current liabilities		188,484
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
SRF loan payable - noncurrent		2,984,010
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,984,010
Total liabilities		3,172,494
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		996,822
Restricted for emergencies		16,700
Unrestricted		1,658,069
Total net position		2,671,591
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND NET POSITION	\$	5,844,085
AND MET LOSHIOM		, ,

SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND POSITION WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended December 31, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	
Service charges	\$ 553,912
Total operating revenues	 553,912
ODEDATING EVDENCES	
OPERATING EXPENSES	160 590
Sewer treatment	169,589
Consulting services	3,033
Repairs and maintenance	22,057
Operator	2,360
Utility billing	22,083
Video survey of pipeline	28,428
Miscellaneous	798
Depreciation	 109,391
Total operating expenses	 357,739
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	 196,173
NONOPERATING REVENUE AND (EXPENSES)	
Realized gain on investments	43,739
Interest expense	(32,536)
	 11,203
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	207,376
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 2,464,215
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,671,591

SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended December 31, 2019

Receipts from customers \$ 545,195 Payments to vendors (243,607) Net cash provided by operating activities 301,588 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Loan payments (153,142) Interest expense (32,536) Net cash used in capital financing activities (185,678)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash provided by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Loan payments (153,142) Interest expense (32,536)	Receipts from customers	\$	•
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Loan payments (153,142) Interest expense (32,536)	Payments to vendors		
Loan payments (153,142) Interest expense (32,536)	Net cash provided by operating activities		301,588
Loan payments (153,142) Interest expense (32,536)	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest expense (32,536)			(153,142)
·			•
Tect cool about it deplica interioring decivities	Net cash used in capital financing activities		(185,678)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Maturity of investment (28,773)	Maturity of investment		(28,773)
Net cash used in investing activities (28,773)	·		(28,773)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 87,137	NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		87,137
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 173,860	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		173,860
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 260,997	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	260,997
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO CASH FLOWS			
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Φ	400 470
Income from operations \$ 196,173	\cdot	Ф	190,173
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash	•		
provided by operating activities: Depreciation 109,391			109 391
Doproducti	·		100,001
Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable (8,717)			(8,717)
Accounts receivable Accounts payable and other liabilities 4,741			,
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 301,588		\$	

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

South Sheridan Water, Sanitary Sewer and Storm Drainage District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation, is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Jefferson County, Colorado. The District was established to provide water, sanitary sewer and storm drainage services within its boundaries.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Both statements distinguish between governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District, the difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for capital assets are shown as increases in assets and redemption of bonds and notes are recorded as a reduction in liabilities. Tap fees are recorded as capital contributions when received.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and service fees. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation paid. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The <u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> accounts for the water, sanitary sewer and storm drainage operations that are financed and operated in a manner where the intent of the District is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The District accounts for capital purchases in the Water and Sewer Fund for financial reporting purposes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for service provided. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's board of directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's board of directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each funds' average equity balance in total cash.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Customer Accounts Receivable

Due to the broad powers of collection, no allowance for uncollectible customer accounts receivable has been reported.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's board of directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, water rights, road improvements, bridge improvements, buildings and improvements, and water system, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of water rights includes acquisition cost, legal and engineering costs related to the development and augmentation of those rights. Since the rights have a perpetual life, they are not amortized. All other costs, including costs incurred for the protection of those rights, are expensed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Sewer improvements 50 years Water improvements 50 years

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The District's governmental fund balances may consist of five classifications based on the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance—the amount of fund balance that is not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Restricted fund balance—the amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., board of directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance—amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's board of directors or by an official or body to which the District board of directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the District board of directors has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	<u>549,310</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 284,385
Investments - cash equivalents	264,925
Investments	2,149,272
	\$ 2.698.582

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by Statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2019, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and a carrying balance of \$284,385.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District follows Colorado State Statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities and the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- · Commercial paper
- Certain reverse repurchase agreements
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Certain corporate bonds
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

At December 31, 2019, the District had the following investments:

<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Weighted average	
under 60 days	\$ 548,284
March 2020 -	
October 2021	1,391,464
January 2021	209,524
•	\$2,149,272
	Weighted average under 60 days March 2020 - October 2021

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

COLOTRUST

At December 31, 2019, the District has invested \$548,284 in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

COMMONWEALTH FINANCIAL NETWORK

At December 31, 2019 the District has invested \$1,391,464 in the CommonWealth Financial Network. The Government Securities Fund invests in a money market and certificates of deposits. Each share is equal in value to \$1.00.

REDSTONE BANK

At December 31, 2019 the District has invested \$209,524 in Redstone Bank. The investment has an interest rate of 1.15% with a maturity date of January 2021.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District does not have a policy that addresses limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer, however, the District invests primarily in local government investment pools, which are not subject to concentration of credit risk.

Investment Valuation

Certain investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

However, the District's investments are not measured at fair value and are therefore not categorized within the fair value hierarchy. These investments include 2a7-like external investment pools (Colotrust). The District is permitted in certain circumstances to establish the fair value of an investment that does not have a readily determinable fair value by using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) of the investment.

Colotrust determines the NAV of the shares of each portfolio as of the close of business on each day. The NAV per share of each portfolio is computed by dividing the total value of the securities and other assets of the portfolios, less any liabilities, by the total outstanding shares of the portfolios. Liabilities, which include all expenses and fees of Colotrust, are accrued daily. The NAV is calculated at fair value using various inputs in determine value in accordance with FASB guidance. It is the goal of Colotrust to maintain a NAV of \$1.00 per share, however changes in interest rates may affect the fair value of the securities held by Colotrust and there can be no assurance that the NAV will not vary from \$1.00 per share.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019 follows:

Business-type activities:	Balance at December 31, 2018	Additions	Disposals/ Retirements	Balance at December 31, 2019		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Sewer system	\$ 3,021,150	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,021,150		
Water system	2,271,460	_		2,271,460		
Total capital assets being						
depreciated	5,292,610	_		5,292,610		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Sewer system	(888,708	(63,962)	-	(952,670)		
Water system	(159,002) (45,429))	(204,431)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,047,710	(109,391)		(1,157,101)		
Total capital assets being						
depreciated, net	4,244,900	(109,391)	-	4,135,509		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,244,900	\$ (109,391)) \$ -	\$ 4,135,509		

Depreciation of the business-type activities is charged to the sewer and water function.

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2019.

	E	Balance at					E	Balance at		Due
	De	cember 31,					De	cember 31,		Within
		2018	Inc	reases	De	ecreases		2019	_0	ne Year
Colorado Water Resources and Power Development										
Authority Loan	\$	3,291,829	_\$		_\$_	<u> 153,142</u>	_\$_	3,138,687	_\$_	154,677

In 2013, the District entered into two loans, one for \$1,916,075 with a 20-year term and one for \$1,985,245 with a 30-year term with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority Water. Debt service payments commenced on November 1, 2014 on both loans. The interest rate on both loans is 1.00%. Principal and interest are due on May 1 and November 1 through November 2034 and 2044, respectively.

The following table sets forth the payment schedule for principal and interest on the loans:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Principal Interest		Total	
2020	\$	154,677	\$	31,001	\$	185,678
2021		156,228		29,451		185,679
2022		157,794		27,884		185,678
2023		159,376		26,303		185,679
2024		160,974		24,705		185,679
2025 - 2029		829,400		98,991		928,391
2030 - 2034		817,822		56,575		874,397
2035 - 2039		361,390		27,064		388,454
2040 - 2044		341,026		8,582		349,608
	\$	3,138,687	\$	330,556	_\$	3,469,243

The District has pledged all of its available resources for the repayment of the loan.

NOTE 6 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

City and County of Denver

On December 6, 2019, the District entered into a water service agreement with the City and County of Denver, acting by and through its Board of Water Commissioners (Board). Under the terms of the agreement, referred to as a "read and bill" agreement, the Board agreed to furnish all of the potable water necessary on a leasehold basis to serve the full development of all land within the District's contract area. The Board also sets the water rates, and bills and collects the water charges. The District is responsible for constructing and maintaining the water distribution system within the contract service area, and the District owns the system.

NOTE 7 - FUND EQUITY

At December 31, 2019, the District reported the following classifications of fund equity.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balances in the General Fund in the amount of \$5,700 and in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund of \$16,700 are comprised of the Emergency Reserves that have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado 10 (see Note 10).

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION

The District's net position consists of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. As of December 31, 2019, the District had a net investment in capital assets of \$996,822, all in the business-type activities.

Restricted assets include net assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District's restricted net position at December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	 ernmental tivities	ness-type ctivities	Total		
Restricted net position:	\$ 5,700	\$ 16,700	\$	22,400	
Emergency reserves (see Note 10)	\$ 5,700	\$ 16,700		22,400	

The District's unrestricted net position at December 31, 2019 totaled \$2,696,828 comprised of \$1,038,759 in the governmental activities and \$1,658,069 in the business-type activities.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2019. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

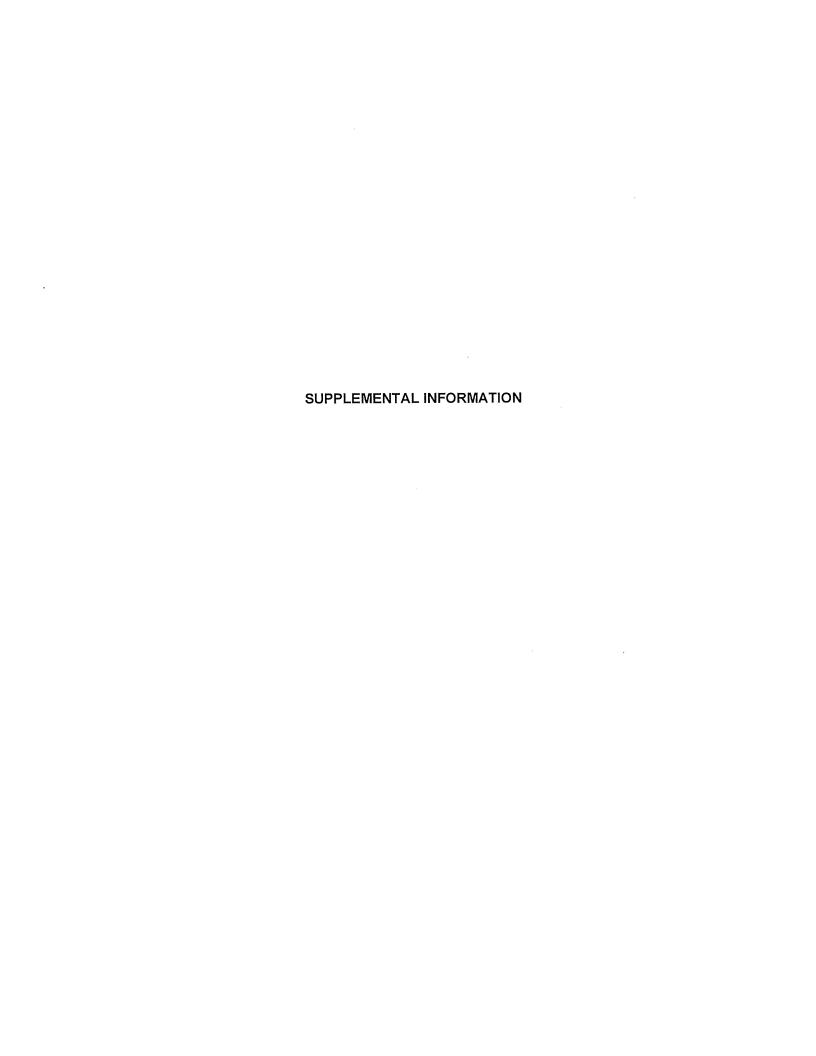
Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (continued)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.



SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budo	get Amounts			Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive
	Original and Final			Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES						
Water and Sewer treatment	\$	396,000	\$	485,094	\$	89,094
Tap fees		127,000		-		(127,000)
Sewer treatment (Jeffco schools)		530		-		(530)
Certified delinquent accounts		20,000		38,130		18,130
Alameda W & S sewer service charges		20,398		22,728		2,330
Bancroft-Clover sewer service charges		7,139		7,960		821
Investment income		14,400		43,739		29,339
Payment for services - General Fund		15,000				(15,000)
Total revenues		600,467		597,651		(2,816)
EXPENDITURES						
Operator		2,000		2,360		(360)
Engineering and consulting		7,500		3,033		4,467
Repairs and maintenance		15,000		22,057		(7,057)
Sewer treatment		169,589		169,589		-
Utility billing		12,000		22,083		(10,083)
Video survey of sewer pipeline		18,500		28,428		(9,928)
Wastewater collections system mapping		30,000		-		30,000
Miscellaneous		11,000		798		10,202
Debt service						
Principal payment - sewer		92,749		92,749		-
Interest payment - sewer		15,238		15,238		-
Principal payment - water		60,393		60,393		-
Interest payment - water		17,298		17,298		-
Total expenditures		451,267		434,026		17,241
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		149,200		163,625		14,425
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,519,729		2,464,215		944,486
FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,668,929	\$	2,627,840	\$	958,911

SOUTH SHERIDAN WATER, SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended December 31, 2019

Revenues (budgetary basis)	\$ 597,651
Revenues per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Change in Fund Net Position	597,651
Expenditures (budgetary basis)	434,026
Depreciation	109,391
Loan - principal paid	 (153,142)
Expenses per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Change in Fund Net Position	 390,275
Change in Net Position per Statement of Revenues, Expenses	
and Change in Fund Net Position	\$ 207,376